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Lean Methodology Helps Drive A Culture of Accountability, Engagement and Transparency: Case study

Abstract

The increased competitiveness in the healthcare leads to higher financial and operational pressures. Continuous process improvements are an essential part of current healthcare environment. According to the Institute of Healthcare Improvement (IHI), the sustainability of process improvement efforts depends on how successful the healthcare organization has been in creating a culture of accountability and transparency with engagement among all members of the clinical team [1]. Thus, the leadership team of the department of pediatrics employed lean methodology to develop a consistent culture of accountability and transformation projects conducted within the department. Previous isolated lean transformation projects consistently embracing value centered mindset. We will discuss how lean methodology facilitated engaging physicians and all other frontline team members towards a value-centered culture.

Keywords: Accountability; Health Care Quality; Administrative management

Abbreviations: IHI: Institute of Healthcare Improvement; HPMS: High Performance Management System; APP: Advanced Practice Providers

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Introduction

Aligning clinicians and administrators towards attaining the stated goals of the physicians' organization, (improving access, improving patient satisfaction, timely and accurate documentation and increased focus on establishing and implementing quality metrics) has been accomplished in a top down fashion with little sustainability. Furthermore, engaging providers towards increased transparency and accountability through standard reporting process has been challenging. Lean methodology can lead to successful implementation of standard work.Using this methodology, we aimed to build a culture of accountability and transparency focused on continuous process improvement work in a large academic organization.

Methods

Phase 1

The departmental executive leadership team (Vice Chair for Clinical Affairs, Vice Chair of Administration and Associate vice Chair of Operations) secured the support of a Lean transformation leader and begun developing an A3 analysis process.

The reason for action was identified (box 1):

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The increased competitiveness in the healthcare industry leads to higher financial and operational pressures for the Department of Pediatrics. Thus, there is a need to develop a consistent culture of accountability and engagement for each division and team member in the department.

Aim: Our goal is to design a standard process of continuous improvement work for the entire department with high provider, leader, and team member engagement and accountability.

Phase 2

We assembled a team of leaders within the department (several division chiefs, division administrators, APP representation and a fellow (fresh eyes) and conducted three meetings to complete the A3 process. Below we outline the process developed after the A3 analysis was completed.

Scope: Pediatric clinical and academic mission.

Trigger:The department of pediatrics and Clinical Administration set yearly metrics goals.

Done: Completion of all Department-Division accountability metrics.

Box 2 to 3 attributes: (current and future state)

Current State Attributeidentified by the working group were: inconsistent engagement and accountability to quality metrics, inconsistent engagement of providers and leaders in establishing targets, insufficient data analytics to support the workand incomplete understanding of the "why" behind various initiatives.

Future State Attributes were also identified:Standard reporting procedure implemented, effective communication occurs between department, division and providers and team members, easily attainable, readily available and automated data flow, data transparency, leadership and provider engagement, accountability, initiative and fast response time, A3 thinking, visual management

Gap Analysis (box 4)

• What is preventing us form attaining this goal? Knowledge in lean methodology? Lack of commitment, division level accountability and engagement **(Table 1)**?

Box 5

Possible solutions to close the gap including action plan and assignment of responsibility and accountability (**Table 2**).

Box 6 and 7

Rapid experiments and implementation plan of the possible solution (Figure 1).

This includes a diagram representing the Accountability Process that has been established. It outlines the Phase 1 vs Phase 2.1 also included some detailed boxes at each step to represent the tool that was being used during discussion, who, frequency, etc.

Box 8

Evaluating implementations (Metrics and Results).

Metrics: A standard reporting process outlining all metrics was established (Table 3).

The metrics are tracked monthly at all reoccurring meetings by the department and divisions (Table 4).

• % of leadership meetings where standard reporting is usedIncludes the following standard reoccurring meetings: Internal Division Reviews (36 = 18 divisions at 2/year), Division Chief Meetings (10 from Marthru Dec), and Clinical Division Administrator Meetings (10 from Mar thru Dec). If meetings don't occur, they will not count in the denominator.

• Success rate in using A3 thinking during the semi-annual Division reviews

Each internal division review will be graded on their success of using A3 thinking in the preparation of the agenda and the presentation of their metrics and countermeasures

They will score:

2 (YES) if they have demonstrated and successfully used A3 thinking

 ${\bf 0}$ (PARTIAL) if they have partially demonstrated and used A3 thinking

0 (NO) if they have not demonstrated or used A3 thinking

• Number of Division Administrators who have been Bronze trained

Table 1 A Gap analysis.						
Short Description of Top 3 – 6 Gaps	Suspected Root Cause					
Division accountability meetings vary from division to division (no	No standard process for discussing/setting performance metrics					
structure)						
Administrators/Chiefs do not always understand how to effectively	Not understanding expectations for accountability meetings					
countermeasure	Lack of knowledge around A3 thinking					
Minimal engagement with Division leaders in setting Division	No standard process for discussing/setting performance metrics.					
performance targets						
Sometimes do not understand the 'why' behind metrics	No standard process for discussing/setting performance metrics					
Poor accessibility and transparency of data/metrics	Individual "Division" culture and no process/tool for sharing					
	performance of all Divisions.					

Table 2 Root cause and possible solutions.					
Root Cause	Top 3-6 Solutions				
No Standard process for discussing/setting performance metrics	Utilize a Standard Report that is derived from the department report to clinical administration				
Not understanding expectations for accountability meetings	Utilize a Standard Report that uses A3 Thinking to identify gaps/countermeasures. Use Division Clinical Administrator monthly meetings as training ground for identifying gaps/ counter measuring.				
Lack of knowledge of A3 Thinking	Offer A3 Thinking and Bronze trainings to administrators and chiefs				
Individual "Division" culture and no process/tool for sharing performance of all Divisions	Create electronic monthly reports to send to Divisions (stepwise approach to transparency). Develop department tracker that is visible next to Mission Control Board.				

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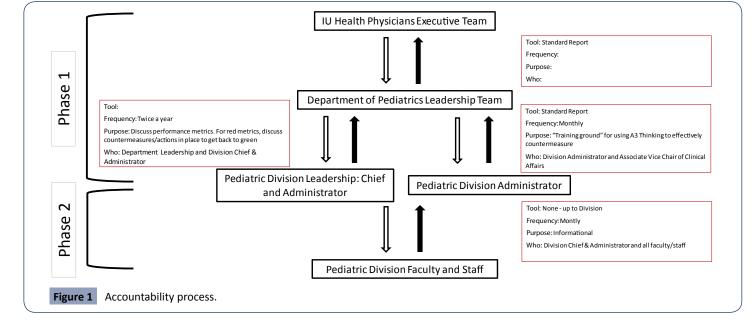


Table 3 Department of Pediatrics metric reporting board.

·	
Department of Pediatrics	
Metrics – All Divisions	
Median Lag	target
(Rolling 3 months)	actual
wRVUs	target
(budget)	actual
wRVUs	target
(60 th %ile benchmark)	actual
wRVUs	target
(APP)	actual
WhiteSpace	target
	actual
Clinical Operating Margin	target
(percent)	actual
Academic Operating Margin (dollars)	target
	actual
Net Promoter Score	target
	actual
Non-Compliant Notes	target
	actual
Cerner Minutes Per Patient	target
	actual

• Number of Division Chiefs and Administrators who have received A3 Thinking training

• To facilitate better two ways communication with all members of all divisions, and insure that increased

understanding exists among team members in respect to department measures and countermeasures, minimum two representatives of the executive team will perform yearly visits to each division meeting.

We will measure the % of Divisions where Chair's office leaders come to at least one division faculty meeting during year.

Table 4	Structured	reoccurring	meeting.
Tuble 4	Junucuicu	reoccurring	meeting.

Meeting	Frequency	Attendees
Division Chief Meetings	Monthly	Division Chiefs, Vice Chairs, and Chairman
Administrator Meetings	Monthly	Division Administrators, Associate Vice Chair of Operations
Faculty Meetings	Quarterly	All Faculty, Providers, Vice Chairs, Chairman

Box 9

Insights and next steps (See the Discussion Section).

Results

The standard reporting procedure has been implemented for all 18 divisions with a 92% success rate during the first semiannual review (Table 5). Most notable, the standard reporting procedure was followed with 100% success at the second semiannual meeting. A mechanism was created to insure readily available and automated data flow. Each division review was graded on their success of using A3 thinking in the presentation of their metrics and countermeasures (0- does not meet, 1-partially meets and 2-fully demonstrates). During the first semiannual review, the average A3 thinking score for the 18 divisions was 1.81 (target: 1.50). Effective communication has begun between department, division, providers and team members with increasing frequency. Visual management strategies have been used to increase transparency. As division leaders became more familiar with the A3 thinking process, we have observed an increased engagement in discussing current measures, gaps and in developing countermeasures. All department's metrics were successfully attained. At the division level, each leadership team was prepared to identify gaps and offer countermeasure. Most notable, the overall median lag improved from 26.8 days (Jan 1st 2019) to 16.8 days (August 31st 2019) without adding new providers.

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				Table 5	Results								
Department of Pediatrics	Thru 12/31/	19											
Culture Mission													
2019 Metrics													
				(Begin)									(Final)
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
	YTD Target			90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
% of leadership meetings where	# of mtgs checked yes (cumulative)		5	15	20	24	26	28	30	33	40	51	
standard reporting is used*		that occurred (cumulative)	6	16	21	26	28	30	32	35	42	53
	YTD Actual			83%	94%	95%	92%	93%	93%	94%	94%	95%	96%
				10	t set of revie	N/5					and set of	of reviews	
Success rate in using A3 Thinking	YTD Target (cumulative)	9	18	27	27	27	27	36	45	54	54
during the semi-annual Division reviews**	YTD Actual (6	21	25	29	29	29	29	31	43	61
			,										
Number of Division Administrators	YTD Target			0	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4
who have been Bronze trained	YTD Actual			0	0	2	2	2	2	2	5	5	5
Number of Division Chiefs and Administrators	YTD Target			0	1	3	4	6	7	9	10	11	12
who have received A3 Thinking training	YTD Actual			1	1	1	8	8	13	14	14	14	14
	YTD Target			0%	12%	24%	35%	47%	59%	71%	82%	94%	100%
% of Divisions where Chair's Ofc leaders come	# of division	is checked yes (0	1	2	3	3	5	10	14	15	15
to at least one division faculty mtg during year	-	total #	ofdivisions	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
	YTD Actual			0%	6%	12%	18%	18%	29%	59%	82%	88%	88%
* Includes the following meetings:													
Internal Division Reviews (36 = 18 divis						hru Dec), a	and Divisio	n Adminis	trator Mee	tings (10 fi	rom Mar th	ru Dec)	
If meetings don't occur, they will not o	count in the d	enominator	when ca	Iculating th	ie %								
** Each internal division review will be graded	on their succ	ess of using	A3 thinki	ing in the p	reparatior	of the age	enda and tl	he present	ation of th	eir metrics	and coun	termeasur	es
They will score:		Ĭ											
2 (YES) if they have demonstra													
1 (PARTIAL) if they have partia				nking									
0 (NO) if they have not demor	nstrated or us	ed A3 think	ing										

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Discussion

"Culture" has been defined by Edgar Schein as a "shared way of thinking and feeling about problems within an organization" [2]. Changing the culture of an organization might seem a daunting task as it seems difficult to find appropriate metrics to measure the impact of the intervention.

According to a study conducted by IHI, the management practices identified that might result in sustained culture change focused on high performance include standardization, accountability, visual management, problem-solving and escalation [3]. In a High-Performance Management System (HPMS) (a set of management practices will result in behavioral shifts that will untimely be linked to cultural transformation towards transparency, proactive problem-solving and team collaboration) has been proven to be effective by a series of experiments conducted by IHI in multiple healthcare settings in the US and Europe. These management practices are systematic applications of quality improvement

and Lean principles. IHI studied several reputable healthcare organizations who have been successful in implementing a HPMS and demonstrated sustained improvement. In a recently published report [4], similar tactics were demonstrated to result in sustained improvements in fifteen inpatient respiratory wards in Scotland and two ambulatory surgery centers in the US. We are reporting how similar management tactics with a specific focus on Lean methodology resulted in culture change in a large academic department of pediatrics with 300 providers spread across 18 divisions, ranging from primary care providers to various pediatric specialties with clinical presence both in the inpatient and outpatient space. Furthermore, these management tactics have been successful in facilitating the management of the rapid changes in patient volume observed during the COVID-19 pandemic (Table 6). Specifically, the transition towards standard volume while promoting virtual visits was managed by setting targets and tracking weekly progress.

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 Table 6 Reverse Surge during COVID-19.

		APR	MAY	JUN
Virtual Visits	target#	n/a	>0.25 total	>0.25 total
	actual#			
	actual %(of total visits)			
In- Person Visits	target#	n/a	0.5* preCOVID	0.75* preCovid
	actual#			
	actual %(of total visits)			
Total Visits	target#	n/a		
	actual#			

Conclusion

Team members' engagement in a matrix organization is the key element in the journey to build a high reliable organization.

Executive leadership involvement is key. Various process improvement methodologies (Lean in our case study) will offer a rigorous and structured framework to lead the change to transparency and accountability.

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